

# UNE

The University  
Of  
NEW ENGLAND

School of Environmental Sciences &  
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Armidale, NSW 2351, Australia

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## TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

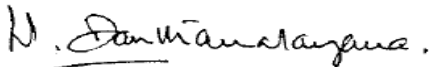
This is to state that I, Wijesiri Danthanarayana and Dr John Milburn, as Professor of Zoology and Professor of Botany respectively at the University of New England, NSW carried out experiments to evaluate "Pest Free" electromagnetic devices for controlling pests in the years 1996 and 1997. We agreed to conduct such experiments on the Pest Free devices for scientific curiosity, to see if the devices worked. The results obtained are genuine findings with properly designed experiments. All experimental data were analyzed using accepted statistical methods. The findings as reported were authentic, and we stand by our results and conclusions.

Our results conclusively showed that Pest Free devices reduced food consumption in rats and this was shown to be statistically significant as well as consistent. We also found that there were statistically significant increases in the consumption of water in rats and mice.

Further research I carried out in 2003 on re-analyses of data from the US-EPA (Environmental Protection Authority of the USA Report published in March 1979) confirmed our findings and conclusions that food and water consumption of rodents are adversely affected by electromagnetic pest control devices.

The above findings are supported by published work in recognized scientific literature over the past 10 or more years on the influence of electromagnetic forces on rodents. We are, therefore, able to conclude that rodents would suffer loss of appetite and increased thirst thereby disrupting their normal behaviour and reproduction if exposed to electromagnetic forces of the type used in "Pest Free" devices.

In view of the above findings we believe that "Pest Free" electromagnetic devices would be of benefit in rodent pest control situations.



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